

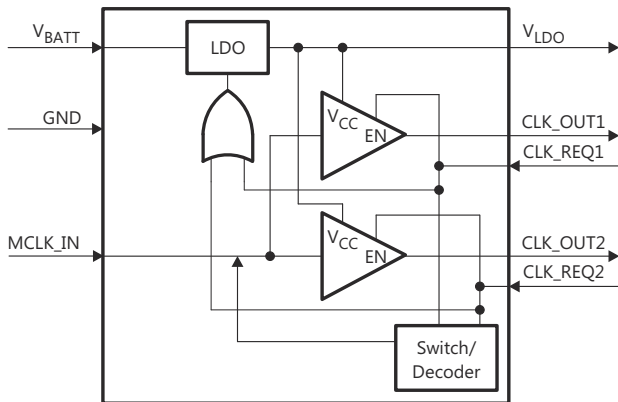
## CDC3RL02 低相位噪声双通道时钟扇出缓冲器

### 1 特性

- 低附加噪声：
  - 149dBc/Hz ( 10kHz 偏移相位噪声时 )
  - 0.37ps (RMS) 输出抖动
- 受限输出压摆率可降低 EMI  
( 对于 10pF 至 50pF 的负载, 上升/下降时间为 1ns 至 5ns )
- 自适应输出级控制反射
- 稳压 1.8V 外部可用 I/O 电源
- 超小型 8 凸点 YFP 0.4mm 间距 WCSP  
( 0.8mm × 1.6mm )
- ESD 性能超过 JESD 22
  - 2000V 人体放电模型 (A114-A)
  - 1000V 充电器件模型  
( JESD22-C101-A III 级 )

### 2 应用

- 手机
- 全球定位系统 (GPS)
- 无线 LAN
- FM 无线电
- WiMAX
- W-BT



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简化版方框图

### 3 说明

CDC3RL02 是一款双通道时钟扇出缓冲器, 适用于需要时钟缓冲以及超低附加相位噪声和扇出功能的便携式终端设备 (如手机)。该器件将温度补偿晶体振荡器 (TCXO) 等单个时钟源缓冲至多个外设。该器件具有两个时钟请求输入 (CLK\_REQ1 和 CLK\_REQ2), 每个输入均支持单个时钟输出。

CDC3RL02 在主时钟输入 (MCLK\_IN) 处接受方波或正弦波, 无需交流耦合电容器。可接受的最小正弦波为 0.3V 信号 (峰峰值)。CDC3RL02 旨在提供极小的通道间偏斜, 附加输出抖动和附加相位噪声。自适应时钟输出缓冲器可在宽电容负荷范围内提供受控的转换率, 从而更大幅度地降低 EMI 辐射、保持信号完整性, 并更大幅度地减少由时钟分配线上的信号反射造成的振铃效应。

CDC3RL02 具有集成的低压降 (LDO) 稳压器, 该稳压器可接受 2.3V 至 5.5V 的输入电压, 可输出 1.8V、50mA。该 1.8V 电源可从外部获得, 从而为 TCXO 等外设提供稳定电源。

CDC3RL02 采用 0.4mm 间距 Die Size Ball Grid Array (DSBGA) 封装 (0.8mm × 1.6mm), 也称为 Wafer-level Chip-scale (WCSP) 封装, 并经过优化可实现超低待机电流消耗。

#### 封装信息

器件型号 <sup>(1)</sup>	封装	封装尺寸 <sup>(2)</sup>
CDC3RL02	YFP ( DSBGA , 8 )	0.80mm × 1.60mm

(1) 有关更多信息, 请参阅节 11。

(2) 封装尺寸 (长 × 宽) 为标称值, 并包括引脚 (如适用)。



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## 4 Device Comparison

表 4-1. Device Comparison

T <sub>A</sub>	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	BACKSIDE COATING <sup>(2)</sup>
-40°C to 85°C	YFP	CDC3RL02BYFPR	Yes
-40°C to 85°C	YFP	CDC3RL02YFPR	No

- (1) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at [www.ti.com/packaging](http://www.ti.com/packaging).  
 (2) CSP (DSBGA) devices manufactured with backside coating have an increased resistance to cracking due to the increased physical strength of the package. Devices with backside coating are highly encouraged for new designs.

## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions

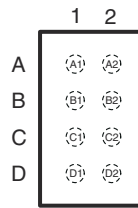


图 5-1. YFP Package 8-Pin DSBGA Top View

表 5-1. Pin Functions

PIN		Type <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
V <sub>BATT</sub>	A1	I	Input to internal LDO
CLK_OUT1	A2	O	Clock output 1
V <sub>LDO</sub>	B1	O	1.8V I/O supply for CDC3RL02 and external TCXO
CLK_REQ1	B2	I	Clock request 1 (from peripheral) for Clock output 1
MCLK_IN	C1	I	Master clock input
CLK_REQ2	C2	I	Clock request 2 (from peripheral) for Clock output 2
GND	D1	-	Ground
CLK_OUT2	D2	O	Clock output 2

- (1) I = Input, O = Output

表 5-2. YFP Package Pin Assignments

	1	2
A	V <sub>BATT</sub>	CLK_OUT1
B	V <sub>LDO</sub>	CLK_REQ1
C	MCLK_LIN	CLK_REQ2
D	GND	CLK_OUT2

## 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range, unless otherwise noted. <sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>BATT</sub>	Voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>	- 0.3	7	V
	Voltage range <sup>(3)</sup>	CLK_REQ_1/2, MCLK_IN	V <sub>BATT</sub> + 0.3	V
		V <sub>LDO</sub> , CLK_OUT_1/2 <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>BATT</sub> + 0.3	
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current at V <sub>BATT</sub> , CLK_REQ_1/2, and MCLK_IN	V <sub>I</sub> < 0	- 50	mA
I <sub>O</sub>	Continuous output current	CLK_OUT1/2	±20	mA
	Continuous current through GND, V <sub>BATT</sub> , V <sub>LDO</sub>		±50	mA
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating virtual junction temperature	- 40	150	°C
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating ambient temperature range	- 40	85	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range	- 55	150	°C

- (1) Operation outside the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent device damage. *Absolute Maximum Ratings* do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. If used outside the *Recommended Operating Conditions* but within the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.
- (2) The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings can be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- (3) All voltage values are with respect to network ground pin.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±2000
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup>	±1000
		Machine Model	200

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 500V HBM is possible with the necessary precautions.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 250V CDM is possible with the necessary precautions.

### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

See <sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V <sub>BATT</sub>	Input voltage to internal LDO	2.3	5.5	V	
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage	MCLK_IN, CLK_REQ1/2	0	1.89	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage	CLK_OUT1/2	0	1.8	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	CLK_REQ1/2	1.3	1.89	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	CLK_REQ1/2	0	0.5	V
I <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output current, DC current	- 8		mA	
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current, DC current		8	mA	

- (1) All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to verify proper device operation. See the [Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs](#) application note.

## 6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		CDC3RL02	UNIT
		YFP (TSSOP)	
		8 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	107.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	1.3	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	18.1	°C/W
$\psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	4.5	°C/W
$\psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	18.1	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application note.

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
<b>LDO</b>						
$V_{OUT}$	LDO output voltage	$I_{OUT} = 50mA$	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
$C_{LDO}$	External load capacitance		1		10	$\mu F$
$I_{OUT(SC)}$	Short circuit output current	$R_L = 0\Omega$		100		mA
$I_{OUT(PK)}$	Peak output current	$V_{BATT} = 2.3V, V_{LDO} = V_{OUT} - 5\%$			100	mA
PSR	Power supply rejection	$V_{BATT} = 2.3V, I_{OUT} = 2mA,$	$f_{IN} = 217Hz$ and 1kHz	60		dB
			$f_{IN} = 3.25MHz$	40		
$t_{su}$	LDO startup time	$V_{BATT} = 2.3V, C_{LDO} = 1\mu F,$ $CLK\_REQ\_n$ to $V_{IH} = 1.71V$		0.2		ms
			$V_{BATT} = 5.5V, C_{LDO} = 10\mu F,$ $CLK\_REQ\_n$ to $V_{IH} = 1.71V$			
<b>POWER CONSUMPTION</b>						
$I_{SB}$	Standby current	Device in standby (all $V_{CLK\_REQ\_n} = 0V$ )		0.2	1	$\mu A$
$I_{CCS}$	Static current consumption	Device active but not switching		0.4	1	mA
$I_{OB}$	Output buffer average current	$f_{IN} = 26MHz, C_{LOAD} = 50pF$		4.2		mA
$C_{PD}$	Output power dissipation capacitance	$f_{IN} = 26MHz$			44	pF
<b>MCLK_IN INPUT</b>						
$I_I$	MCLK_IN, CLK_REQ_1/2 leakage current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or GND			1	$\mu A$
$C_I$	MCLK_IN capacitance	$f_{IN} = 26MHz$		4.75		pF
$R_I$	MCLK_IN impedance	$f_{IN} = 26MHz$		6		k $\Omega$
$f_{IN}$	MCLK_IN frequency range		10	26	100	MHz
<b>MCLK_IN LVCMOS SOURCE</b>						
	Additive phase noise	$f_{IN} = 26MHz, t_r/t_f \leq 1ns$	1kHz offset	-140		dBc/Hz
			10kHz offset	-149		
			100kHz offset	-153		
			1MHz offset	-148		
	Additive jitter	$f_{IN} = 26MHz, V_{PP} = 0.8V, BW = 10MHz$ to 5MHz		0.37		ps (rms)
$t_{DL}$	MCLK_IN to CLK_OUT_n propagation delay			11		ns
$DC_L$	Output duty cycle	$f_{IN} = 26MHz, DC_{IN} = 50\%$	45%	50%	55%	

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
<b>MCLK_IN SINUSOIDAL SOURCE</b>						
$V_{MA}$	Input amplitude		0.3		1.8	V
Additive phase noise		$f_{IN} = 26\text{MHz}, V_{MA} = 1.8V_{PP}$	1kHz offset		-141	dBc/Hz
			10kHz offset		-149	
			100kHz offset		-152	
			1MHz offset		-148	
		$f_{IN} = 26\text{MHz}, V_{MA} = 0.8V_{PP}$	1kHz offset		-139	
			10kHz offset		-146	
			100kHz offset		-150	
			1MHz offset		-146	
Additive jitter	$f_{IN} = 26\text{MHz}, V_{MA} = 1.8V_{PP}, BW = 10\text{MHz to } 5\text{MHz}$		0.41		ps (RMS)	
$t_{DS}$	MCLK_IN to CLK_OUT_1/2 propagation delay		12		ns	
$DC_s$	Output duty cycle	$f_{IN} = 26\text{MHz}, V_{MA} > 1.8V_{PP}$	45%	50%	55%	
<b>CLK_OUT_N OUTPUTS</b>						
$t_r$	20% to 80% rise time	$C_L = 10\text{pF to } 50\text{pF}$	1		5.2	ns
$t_f$	20% to 80% fall time	$C_L = 10\text{pF to } 50\text{pF}$	1		5.2	ns
$t_{sk}$	Channel-to-channel skew	$C_L = 10\text{pF to } 50\text{pF} (C_{L1} = C_{L2})$	-0.5		0.5	ns
$V_{OH}$	High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -100\ \mu\text{A}$ , reference to $V_{LDO}$	-0.1			V
		$I_{OH} = -8\text{mA}$	1.2			
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = 20\ \mu\text{A}$			0.2	V
		$I_{OL} = 8\text{mA}$			0.55	

## 6.6 Typical Characteristics

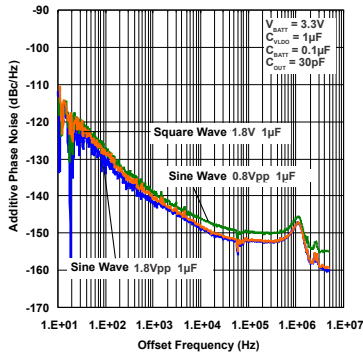


图 6-1. Additive Phase Noise vs Offset Frequency

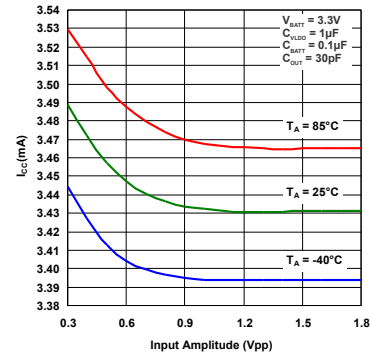


图 6-2. Supply Current vs Input Amplitude

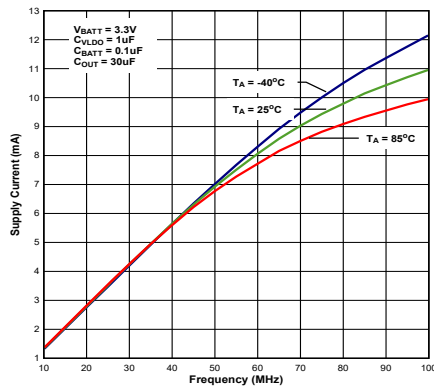


图 6-3. Supply Current vs Input Frequency

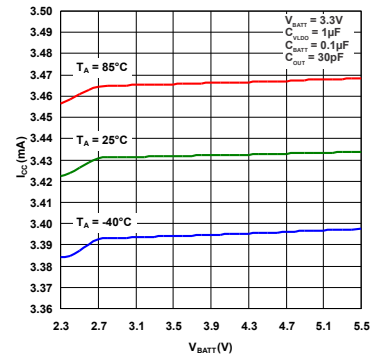


图 6-4. Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

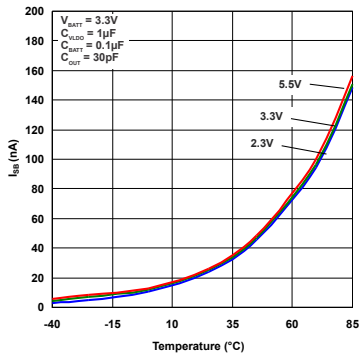


图 6-5. Standby Current vs Temperature

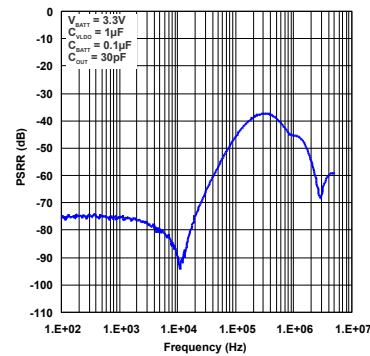


图 6-6. Power Supply Rejection vs Input Frequency

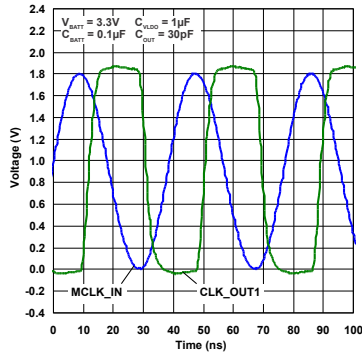


图 6-7. Sine-Wave Input vs Square-Wave Output

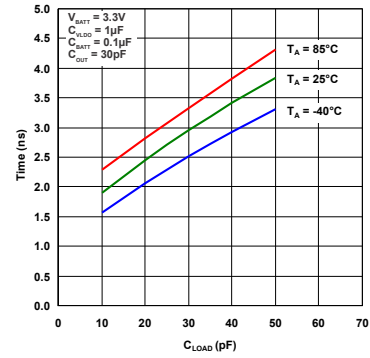


图 6-8. Rise Time vs Load

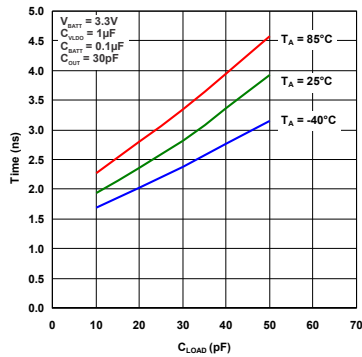


图 6-9. Fall Time vs Load

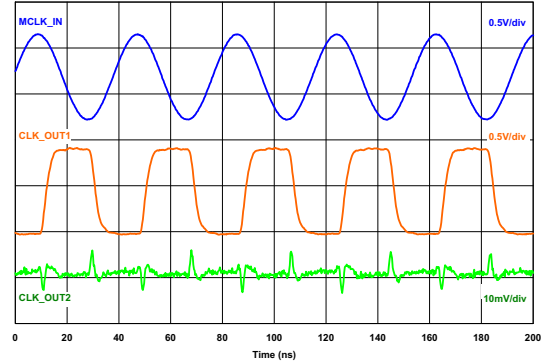


图 6-10. Digital Cross-Talk Scope Shot



## 7 Detailed Description

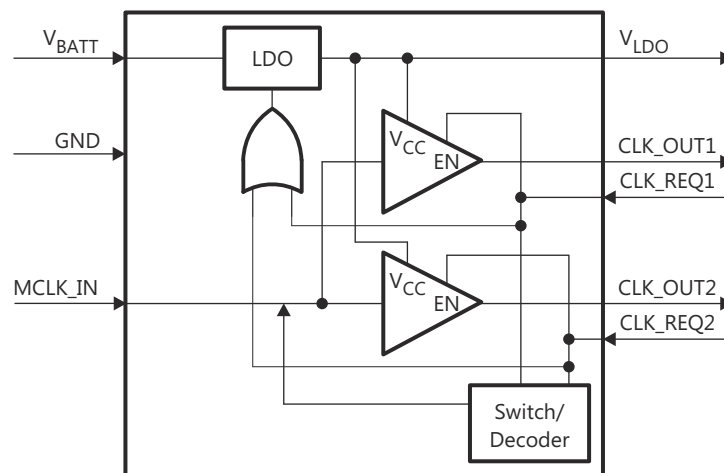
### 7.1 Overview

The CDC3RL02 is a two-channel clock fan-out buffer and is designed for use in portable end-equipment, such as mobile phones, that require clock buffering with minimal additive phase noise and fan-out capabilities. The device buffers a single master clock, such as a temperature compensated crystal oscillator (TCXO) to multiple peripherals. The device has two clock request inputs (CLK\_REQ1 and CLK\_REQ2), each of which enable a single clock output.

The CDC3RL02 accepts square or sine waves at the master clock input (MCLK\_IN), eliminating the need for an AC coupling capacitor. The smallest acceptable sine wave is a 0.3V signal (peak-to-peak). CDC3RL02 is designed to offer minimal channel-to-channel skew, additive output jitter, and additive phase noise. The adaptive clock output buffers offer controlled slew-rate over a wide capacitive loading range which minimizes EMI emissions, maintains signal integrity, and minimizes ringing caused by signal reflections on the clock distribution lines.

The CDC3RL02 has an integrated Low-Drop-Out (LDO) voltage regulator which accepts input voltages from 2.3V to 5.5V and outputs 1.8V, 50mA. This 1.8V supply is externally available to provide regulated power to peripheral devices such as a TCXO.

### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram



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### 7.3 Feature Description

#### 7.3.1 Low Additive Noise

The CDC3RL02 features -149dBc/Hz at 10kHz offset phase noise and 0.37ps (RMS) of output jitter, to provide low noise buffered signals.

#### 7.3.2 Regulated 1.8V Externally Available I/O Supply

The CDC3RL02 allows users to connect to the output of the internal LDO, for providing power to other ICs. For more information, refer to [LDO](#).

#### 7.3.3 Ultra-Small 8-bump YFP 0.4mm Pitch WCSP Package

Using the ultra-small YFP package, the CDC3RL02 is very small and allows the device to be placed on a board with minimum work.

## 7.4 Device Functional Modes

表 7-1 is the function table for CDC3RL02.

表 7-1. Function Table

INPUTS			OUTPUTS	
CLK_REQ1 <sup>(1)</sup>	CLK_REQ2 <sup>(1)</sup>	MCLK_IN	CLK_OUT1	CLK_OUT2
L	L	X	L	L
L	H	CLK	L	CLK
H	L	CLK	CLK	L
H	H	CLK	CLK	CLK

(1) If a CLK\_OUT is always enabled, tying the CLK\_REQ pin to an external 1.8V source (not VLDO) is acceptable.

## 8 Application and Implementation

### 备注

以下应用部分中的信息不属于 TI 器件规格的范围，TI 不担保其准确性和完整性。TI 的客户应负责确定器件是否适用于其应用。客户应验证并测试其设计，以确保系统功能。

## 8.1 Application Information

### 8.1.1 Input Clock Squarer

图 8-1 shows the input stage of the CDC3RL02. The input signal at MCLK\_IN can be a square wave or sine wave.  $C_{MCLK}$  is an internal AC coupling capacitor that allows a direct connection from the TCXO to the CDC3RL02 without an external capacitor.

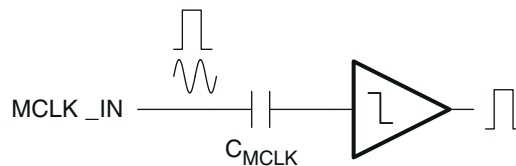


图 8-1. Input Stage With Internal AC Coupling Capacitor

Any external component added in the series path of the clock signal potentially adds phase noise and jitter. The error source associated with the internal decoupling capacitor is included in the specification of the CDC3RL02. The recommended clock frequency band of the CDC3RL02 is 10MHz to 80MHz for specified functionality. All performance metrics are specified at 26MHz. The lowest acceptable sinusoidal signal amplitude is 0.8V<sub>PP</sub> for specified performance. Amplitudes as low as 0.3V<sub>PP</sub> are acceptable but with reduced phase-noise and jitter performance.

### 8.1.2 Output Stage

Each output drives 1.8V LVCMOS levels. Adaptive output buffers limit the rise/fall time of the output to within 1ns to 5ns with load capacitance between 10pF and 50pF. Fast slew rates introduce EMI into the system. Each output buffer limits EMI by keeping the rise/fall time above 1ns. Slow rise/fall times can induce additive phase noise and duty cycle errors in the load device. The output buffer limits these errors by keeping the rise/fall time below 5ns. In addition, the output stage dynamically alters impedance based on the instantaneous voltage level of the output. This dynamic change limits reflections keeping the output signal monotonic during transitions. Each output is active low when not requested to avoid false clocking of the load device.

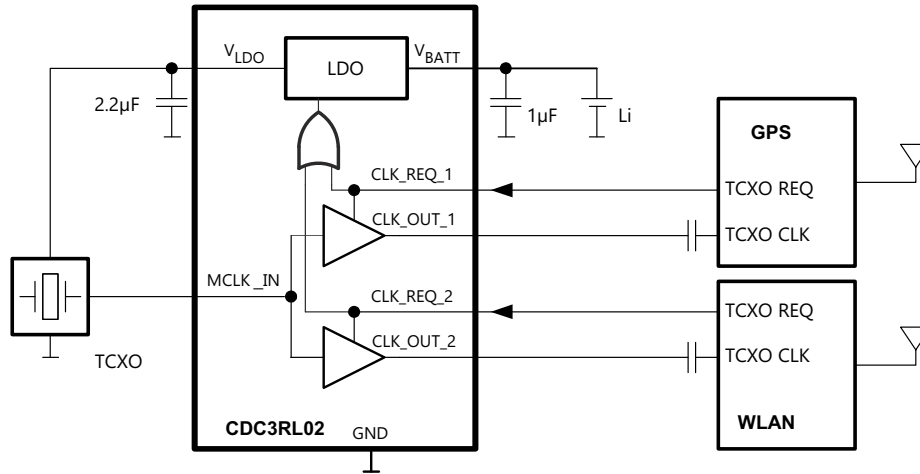
### 8.1.3 LDO

A low noise 1.8V LDO is integrated to provide the I/O supply for the output buffers. The LDO output is externally available to power a clock source such as a TCXO. A clean supply is provided to the clock buffers and the clock source for optimum phase noise performance. The input range of the LDO allows the device to be powered

directly from a single cell Li battery. The LDO is enabled by either of the CLK\_REQ\_N signals. When disabled, the device enters a low power shutdown mode consuming less than 1  $\mu$  A from the battery. The LDO requires an output decoupling capacitor in the range of 1  $\mu$  F to 10  $\mu$  F with an equivalent series resistance (ESR) of at least 0.1  $\Omega$  for compensation and high-frequency PSR. This capacitor must stay within the specified range for capacitance and ESR over the entire operating temperature range. A ceramic capacitor can be used if a small external resistance is added in series with the capacitor to increase the effective ESR. An input bypass capacitor of 1  $\mu$  F or larger is recommended.

## 8.2 Typical Application

The CDC3RL02 is designed for use in mobile applications as shown in 图 8-2. In this example, a single low noise TCXO system clock source is buffered to drive a mobile GPS receiver and WLAN transceiver. Each peripheral independently requests an active clock by asserting a single clock request line (CLK\_REQ\_1 or CLK\_REQ\_2). When both clock request lines are inactive, the CDC3RL02 enters a low current shutdown mode. In this mode, the LDO output, CLK\_OUT\_1, and CLK\_OUT\_2 are pulled to GND and the TCXO is not powered.



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图 8-2. Mobile Application

When either peripheral requests the clock, the CDC3RL02 enables the LDO and powers the TCXO. The TCXO output (square wave, sine wave, or clipped sine wave) is converted to a square wave and buffered to the requested output.

### 8.2.1 Design Requirements

For the typical application, the user must know the following parameters.

表 8-1. Design Parameters

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	EXAMPLE VALUE
V <sub>BATT</sub>	Input voltage from battery or power supply	3.7V
MCLK_IN	Input frequency from a TCXO	26MHz

### 8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The designer must verify that all parameters are within the ranges specified in [Recommended Operating Conditions](#).

Each device which receives a clock output from the CDC3RL02 must have the CLK request pin connected to the appropriate CLK\_REQ pin on the CDC3RL02. This pin enables the output buffer when a device requests the clock signal.

Control of the clock outputs is possible by using a GPIO from a controller to control the CLK\_REQ pins.

If one of the outputs is unused, then tie the CLK\_REQ and CLK\_OUT pins to ground. If the user wants a CLK\_OUT pin always enabled, tie the paired CLK\_REQ pin to an external 1.8V source (not V<sub>LDO</sub> because the LDO output is not enabled until at least one CLK\_REQ pin is high).

### 8.2.3 Application Curve

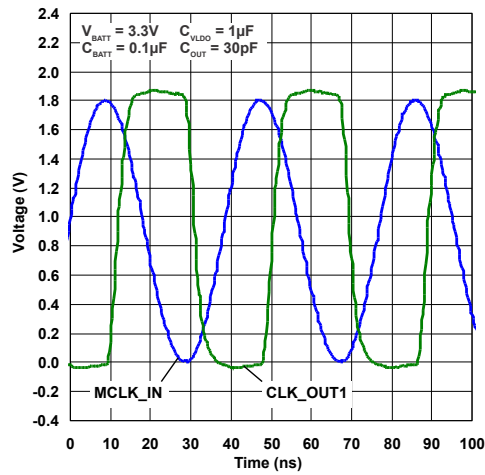


图 8-3. Sine Wave Input vs Output

### 8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

General power supply recommendations are to be considered for the CDC3RL02. These include:

- Decoupling capacitors placed close to the  $V_{BATT}$  pin of typical values ( $1 \mu F$ )
- $V_{BATT}$  be within the recommended voltage range

### 8.4 Layout

#### 8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

To provide reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines is recommended.

- Bypass capacitors must be used on power supplies and must be placed as close as possible to the  $V_{BATT}$  pin
- Short trace-lengths must be used to avoid excessive loading
- For improved performance on the clock output lines, use a ground trace on the sides of the clock trace to minimize crosstalk and EMI

#### 8.4.2 Layout Example

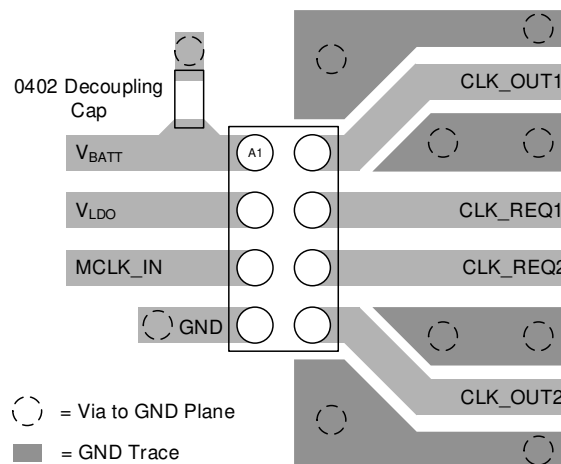


图 8-4. Example Layout for YFP Package

## 9 Device and Documentation Support

### 9.1 Documentation Support

#### 9.1.1 Related Documentation

- Texas Instruments, [AN-2028 LMH2191 Evaluation Board](#), compatible EVM user's guide

### 9.2 接收文档更新通知

要接收文档更新通知，请导航至 [ti.com](#) 上的器件产品文件夹。点击 [通知](#) 进行注册，即可每周接收产品信息更改摘要。有关更改的详细信息，请查看任何已修订文档中包含的修订历史记录。

### 9.3 支持资源

[TI E2E™ 中文支持论坛](#) 是工程师的重要参考资料，可直接从专家处获得快速、经过验证的解答和设计帮助。搜索现有解答或提出自己的问题，获得所需的快速设计帮助。

链接的内容由各个贡献者“按原样”提供。这些内容并不构成 TI 技术规范，并且不一定反映 TI 的观点；请参阅 TI 的 [使用条款](#)。

### 9.4 Trademarks

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### 9.5 静电放电警告



静电放电 (ESD) 会损坏这个集成电路。德州仪器 (TI) 建议通过适当的预防措施处理所有集成电路。如果不遵守正确的处理和安装程序，可能会损坏集成电路。

ESD 的损坏小至导致微小的性能降级，大至整个器件故障。精密的集成电路可能更容易受到损坏，这是因为非常细微的参数更改都可能会导致器件与其发布的规格不相符。

### 9.6 术语表

[TI 术语表](#) 本术语表列出并解释了术语、首字母缩略词和定义。

## 10 Revision History

注：以前版本的页码可能与当前版本的页码不同

### Changes from Revision G (November 2022) to Revision H (October 2024) Page

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| • 更新了整个文档中的表格、图和交叉参考的编号格式.....   | 1 |
| • Updated the Electrical Characteristics for increased 100MHz MCLK_IN maximum frequency..... | 5 |

### Changes from Revision F (August 2019) to Revision G (November 2022) Page

- |  |    |
|--|----|
| • 更新了整个文档中的表格、图和交叉参考的编号格式.....   | 1  |
| • Changed MCLK_IN frequency maximum value from: 54MHz to: 80MHz.....   | 5  |
| • Changed the x-axis range in <a href="#">图 6-3</a> .....  | 7  |
| • Moved the <i>Power Supply Recommendations</i> and <i>Layout</i> sections to the <i>Application and Implementation</i> section..... | 13 |

<b>Changes from Revision E (August 2018) to Revision F (August 2019)</b>	<b>Page</b>
• Changed MCLK_IN frequency maximum value from: 52MHz to: 54MHz.....	5

---

<b>Changes from Revision D (April 2017) to Revision E (August 2018)</b>	<b>Page</b>
• Changed $V_{LDO}$ test conditions to $V_{IH}$ conditions in the <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table .....	5
• Added a tablenote to the <i>Function Table</i> .....	10
• Added content to the <i>LDO</i> section .....	10
• Changed the last sentence in the <i>Detailed Design Procedure</i> section .....	12

---

<b>Changes from Revision C (January 2016) to Revision D (April 2017)</b>	<b>Page</b>
• Updated clock request descriptions in the <i>Pin Functions</i> table.....	3
• Added <i>Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates</i> section.....	14

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<b>Changes from Revision B (December 2015) to Revision C (January 2016)</b>	<b>Page</b>
• Added the <a href="#">Device Comparison</a> .....	3

---

<b>Changes from Revision A (September 2015) to Revision B (November 2015)</b>	<b>Page</b>
• 添加了热性能信息表、概述、特性说明部分、电源相关建议部分和布局部分.....	1

---

<b>Changes from Revision * (November 2009) to Revision A (September 2015)</b>	<b>Page</b>
• 根据新标准更新了文档格式.....	1

---

## 11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
CDC3RL02BYFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	8	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	4LN	Samples
CDC3RL02YFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	8	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	4LN	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**

**QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE**


\*All dimensions are nominal

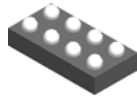
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
CDC3RL02BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	8	3000	178.0	9.2	0.9	1.75	0.6	4.0	8.0	Q1
CDC3RL02YFPR	DSBGA	YFP	8	3000	178.0	9.2	0.9	1.75	0.6	4.0	8.0	Q1

**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
CDC3RL02BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	8	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0
CDC3RL02YFPR	DSBGA	YFP	8	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0

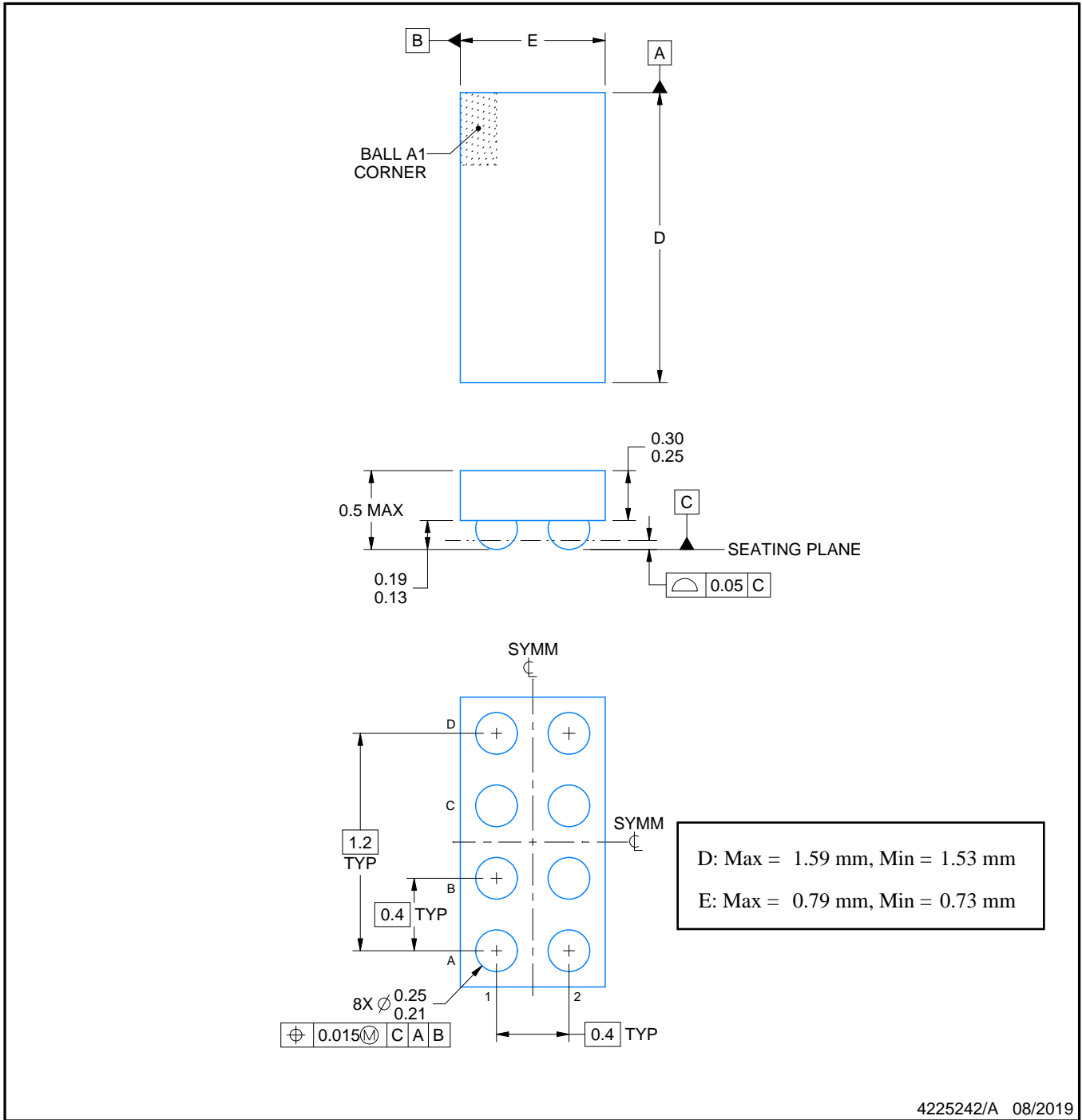
YFP0008



# PACKAGE OUTLINE

## DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

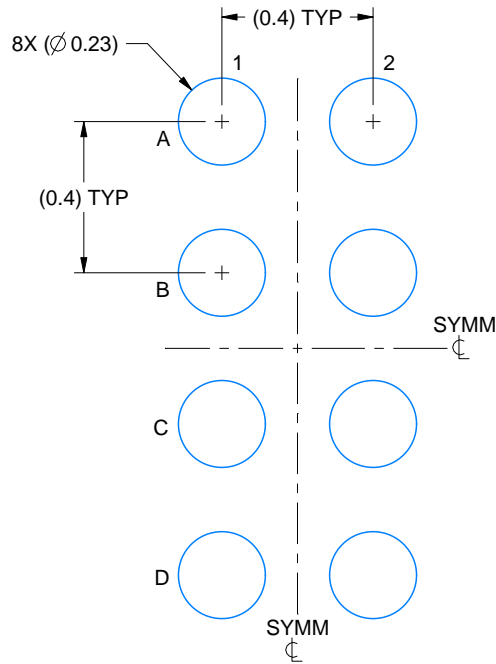
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

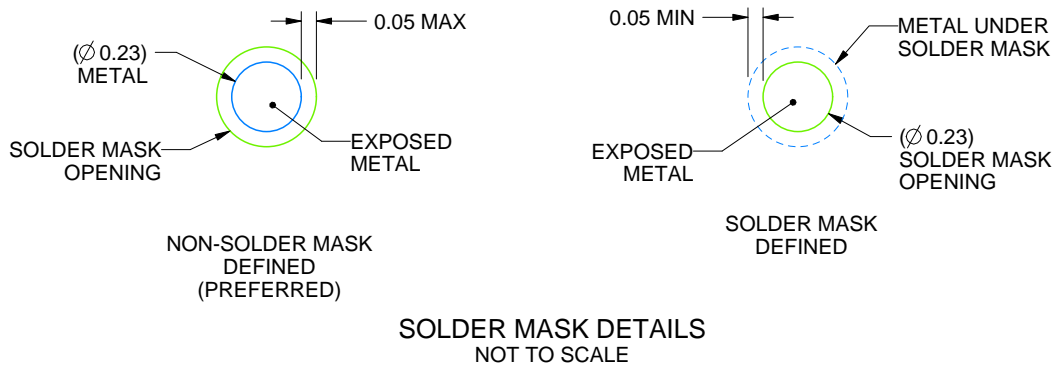
YFP0008

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE: 50X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS  
NOT TO SCALE

4225242/A 08/2019

NOTES: (continued)

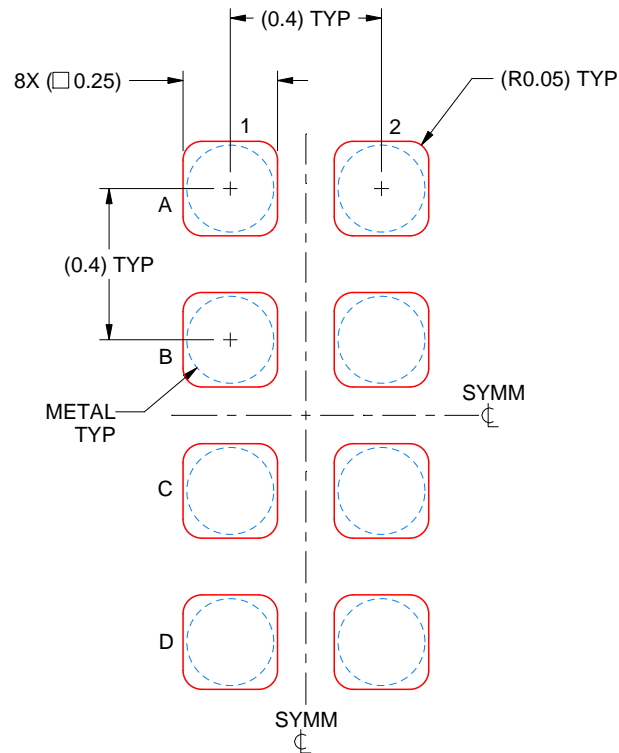
- Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. See Texas Instruments Literature No. SNVA009 ([www.ti.com/lit/snva009](http://www.ti.com/lit/snva009)).

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

YFP0008

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE: 50X

4225242/A 08/2019

NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.

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